



A diatonic neighbor note moves either up or down to and from a chord tone. The d-natural is a diatonic upper neighbor note. It's a neighbor note because it moves up from and returns down to the c-natural--a chord tone in tonic C minor. It's a diatonic neighbor because it naturally occurs as scale degree 2 in tonic C minor.

Neighbor notes are annotated with parentheses and a lower case "n".